

# The Times

XVII<sup>TH</sup> YEAR.

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LOS ANGELES

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1898.

BY STREETS AND TRAINS | 5 CENTS

## THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

**LOS ANGELES THEATER—** C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager.  
Two Nights Only—Tuesday and Wednesday, March 22-23—Mat. Wednesday. Wm. A. Brady and F. Ziegfeld, Jr., present three great attractions in one.

**Beautiful Anna Held** The popular idol of France, in the laughing success, "A Gay Deceiver," and the sensation for the theatrical season, "The Cat and the Cherub." Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50, Tel. Main 70.

**LOS ANGELES THEATER—** C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager.  
**THREE NIGHTS** AND SATURDAY MATINEE COMMENCING THURSDAY, MARCH 24.

Return of last season's **JAMES A. HERNE**, in his beautiful "SHORE ACRES." Direction of Henry C. Miner. Seats on sale today, March 21. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50, Tel. M. 76.

**ORPHEUM—** Los Angeles' Society Vaudeville Theater  
Week Commencing MONDAY, March 21.

**Another Record-Breaking Show—Comedy and Novelty Outdone.**

Whitney Bros.—Original Novelty Musical Artists—Electric Melophone—the Musical Handicap—the Musical Stairs—"Presto," the Dancing Wonder. Engagement 1 week only of the original Comedian-Pianist, Will H. Fox, in his Novel Musical Oddity, "Paddy Whisky." Smart and Williams, America's Most Talented Colored Comedians. The Marvelous Globe Equilibrist, Mandola, the Sensation of Europe and America. The American Biograph, the most perfect of all Projectoscope machines—New series of views—The Brooklyn Navy Yard, showing Battleship Maine. Drawee, Geo. W. Day, Lina Pantzer.  
Prices never changing—Evening reserved seats 25c and 50c. Gallery 10c. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

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Leaves Los Angeles..... 8:00 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.  
Leaves Pasadena..... 8:25 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.  
Arrive Kansas City..... 6:40 p.m. Thursday and Sunday.  
Arrive St. Louis..... 7:00 a.m. Friday and Monday.  
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This great train with its famous dining-car service is run for passengers with first-class tickets only, but no charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate is made. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.



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SEE A NEW COUNTRY EVERY MILE

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Leave Los Angeles..... 9:00 a.m.  
Leave Pasadena..... 9:25 a.m.  
Arrive San Bernardino..... 10:55 a.m.  
Arrive Redlands..... 11:45 a.m.  
Arrive Riverside..... 1:15 p.m.  
Arrive San Bernardino..... 4:15 p.m.  
Arrive Pasadena..... 6:25 p.m.  
Arrive Los Angeles..... 6:50 p.m.  
Giving two hours' stop at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sight-seeing.

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On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.  
Tickets admit stop-overs at any point on the track. Round Trip \$4.10.

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The most beautiful spot in the world.  
Two daily trains, carrying parlor cars, make the run in about four hours from Los Angeles, and on Tuesday and Saturday nights the Coronado Special will run. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean beach.  
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Unrivalled Vestibuled Service  
Without Extra Charge....

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Via New Orleans to Washington and New York. Through sleeping-cars and dining-car service. San Francisco to New Orleans, thence to East.  
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**TOURISTS** The attractions of this trip are varied and complete. The views of Mounts, Canyons, Valleys, Cities, Ocean and Islands, the expressions of enjoyment from thousands who make it would fill volumes. The Grandest on Earth—the statement of travelers from all parts of the world—and so easily made you cannot afford to miss it. Full particulars at office, 214 South Spring St. Telephone Main 960.

## MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

**WILSHIRE OSTRICH FARM—** Twelfth and Grand Ave.  
Formerly Fiesta Park.

GRAND AVE. CARS TO GATES

FIVE MINUTES FROM CITY HALL AND PRINCIPAL HOTELS

**Lol The Poor Ostrich. See the Lame Gladiator in His Hospital Hammock.**

**\$1000 Challenge—The Only Original Ostrich Farm.**

**OSTRICH PLUMES, COLLARETTES, BOAS FOR SALE.**

The only place where Ostrich Eggs can be bought—Open all day.

See the Plumed Giants Plucked. Children Free.

## NORRIS BROS.—

**DOG AND PONY SHOW**

Positively the largest, handsomest and most highly educated collection of trained domestic animals in America. **100---PERFORMING PETS---100**  
Will exhibit under their large water-proof tent, corner Eleventh and Flower Streets, One Week, Beginning Monday, March 21.  
Two performances daily, 3 and 8 p.m. PRICES—Adults 25c. Children 15c.  
Watch for the novel street parade daily at 11 a.m.

## OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—

The Largest Ostrich Farm in America.

**Nearly 100 Gigantic Birds of All Ages.**

One brood of BABY OSTRICHES just hatched. Seven acres of most beautiful shady grounds. Immense stock of boas, capes and tips, appropriate California souvenirs. Pasadena Electric and Terminal Ry. Cars stop at the gates every 15 minutes, fare 10c.

## BADLY MIXED.

### Washington Insists On That Report.

Findings Said to be Known to The President.

In Fact He Is Said to Have Had Them Two Days.

### JOHN SHERMAN'S MEMORY.

It is Credited with Playing Him Tricks.

Two Theories as to the Wreck of the Maine.

More Talk of Dodging War by Intervention.

### A WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE.

Cabinet Members Say the Long-wanted Document Will Arrive This Week—Admiral Sigsbee Says Court Will Continue Its Work.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, March 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The President has had the report of the Maine board of inquiry for two days. Of that fact there is not a reasonable doubt in the mind of any well-informed public man. To-day there have been many confirmations of the report. The report given by Secretary Sherman to his callers yesterday. In the dispatches last night it was stated that the venerable Secretary had made absolutely contradictory statements about the matter. In the first place he told every caller with whom he talked that "We have no more information than we had a month ago." To one caller he said, "two months." He then corrected himself when he was reminded that the Maine was blown up but a little over a month ago. After stating that "We have no information," the Secretary assured him that the evidence "showed there were two explosions, one from the outside and one internal."

Then he drew his conclusion that it is impossible to say what caused the disaster, a submarine mine or a torpedo, or an external explosion that set off a harbor-defense mine. The Secretary's slips of memory are not forgotten, but the conclusion that the report is indefinite, so far as the finding is concerned, does not stand alone upon the Secretary's statement, as yesterday, in his conversation with callers, he left the impression that he was weighing the evidence with a view to mapping out the President's course. This must be done before the report is sent to Congress, else indescribable confusion is likely to follow its publication.

On the surface here everything is as quiet as a mill pond. There is, from all accounts, more excitement outside of the capital than within it. Every one has settled to the conviction that the Maine matter is practically eliminated from the problem, because of the indefiniteness of the report, which, of course, exactly suits the purpose of those who know, as the Morton syndicate desired, a statement of the Cuban question without a collision between the United States and Spain, which collision they believe would forever extinguish Spanish sovereignty in the island, and render worthless American claims that depend for their settlement upon a continuance of Spanish control.

The question which most interests members of Congress is when will the President send the Maine report to Congress. A few days ago the President told a member of the House he would send it as soon as he had it, before the critics had had time to say he was suppressing it. Technically, he may not yet have the report, also it is not incumbent on him to send it to Congress. The official report must first go to Secretary Long. When the President has made up his mind what to do, then Secretary Long will receive the official report. He will straightway send it to the White House, when it will go to Congress with great speed.

As to what the President's purpose is, nothing further can be said than was stated last night, that, judging from the hypothetical questions he is framing for Senators and other prominent callers, he is thinking of some way to intervene as to stop the war and have Spain and the insurgents negotiate for another scheme of autonomy. That will not cause Spain to fight. She would greatly appreciate intervention of this kind. It would enable her to catch her breath, but it would not help Cuba. Such intervention could be made on grounds of humanity (which is not

recognized in international law,) and the protection of American interests, which is a recognized ground. This was indicated by the Spanish Minister in his interview two days ago.

BY WEDNESDAY NEXT.

The President, Not the Public, Will Have the Report.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]  
NEW YORK, March 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Washington special says that by Wednesday next the President will have in his possession the momentous record and findings of the Maine court of inquiry. The report may come tomorrow or next day, but it will surely not be later than the date mentioned. It is the present intention of the President to make the report public through transmission to Congress as soon as he can do so with propriety. There will be no more delay than is absolutely necessary, but, as the reporter was told today, "it must not be expected the President will hand the documents in the case to the newspapers until he has had a chance to read and consider them."

The attitude of the influential newspapers in the United States has gratified President McKinley very much. One of his confidantes said today that the American press had shown the greatest patriotism and conservatism in this critical time, and it had not been lost on the President. The only fear of those in authority is that the support which the administration is now receiving from all parties and from every section of the country might give way to complaint if President McKinley did not act quickly, as it is believed he should, just as President Lincoln was criticised for not moving with the rapidity loyal citizens had hoped for, but which they afterward understood was justified by his knowledge and foresight of events current and to come.

President McKinley is in close telegraphic communication with Ambassadors, Ministers and other agents of the government abroad, and with those at home upon whom he is depending for information and advice. Every important thing done in military and naval forces, every plan for increasing the efficiency of the army and warships, every movement of a Spanish and American vessel, everything of importance that occurs in Madrid and Havana, known to Minister Woodford and Consul-General Lee, the feeling in foreign capitals toward this country in connection with Cuba, the Maine affair and preparations for emergencies, the progress of negotiations toward the purchase of ships and other matters which ordinarily would be handled exclusively by the heads of several executive departments concerned, are being reported directly to the President.

With all this vast amount of details in his possession, he is more familiar with the exact situation than anybody else connected with the government, and because he cannot necessarily take the public into his confidence in regard to many matters shedding light on existing conditions, it will be impossible for Congress and the country to understand the exact reasons which may prevent him from acting with dispatch.

### THE OTHER SIDE.

Cabinet Members Say the Report Has Not Been Received.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
WASHINGTON, March 20.—President McKinley did not attend church this morning, as is his custom, but instead spent two hours or more in conference with several members of the Cabinet. Assistant Secretary Day called about 10:30 o'clock and remained until nearly noon. Secretary Long and Secretary Bliss were the other members present. They remained less than an hour.

Commander Clowe, in company with Mr. Flint, who has been acting for the government in the negotiations for the purchase of ships, also called and were shown into the President's private office. The Cabinet members, on leaving the White House, said that there was no special significance in the meeting this morning. The report of the court of inquiry had not been received, nor was it known when it will reach here.

It was expected, however, early in the present week, and as soon as received it would be handed at once to the President, and when it has been read by the President will be made public.

Secretary Long, in speaking of the report, said that, while fully realizing its importance, the country, in his opinion, would willingly accord to the President a day or two for its consideration. The indications seem to be that the report will be made public by the middle of the present week.

The presence of Charles R. Flint at the conference naturally gives inference that the President and his advisers were discussing the question of acquiring additional ships. Mr. Flint, whose commercial interests are largely with South American countries, is believed, in a measure at least, to represent Chile and Argentina in negotiations which are under way for the disposition of their war vessels. A reporter today asked Mr. Flint if he could say whether or not the United States had secured possession of the Chilean ship O'Higgins, and the Argentine ship San Martin, but he declined to make any statement as to the particular feature of the subject.

When pressed for information in regard to the matter he replied: "Both Chile and the Argentine Republic have the warmest friendship and admiration

## IN HER INSIDE.

### Capt. Wiley's Opinion On the Explosion.

Condition of the Wreckage Gives That Impression.

He will Return to Havana to Help Wreckers.

Two of the Dead Buried at Key West—Insurgents Arrive There. Movements of the Squadron, Brownson's Inspection.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 20.—A special to the Post from Newport News says: "The Merritt Wrecking Company's tug Underwriter arrived in port at midnight last night from Havana, where she went with the derrick Chief, which is assisting in the work on the Maine. Capt. Wiley will again start to Havana, probably tomorrow night, with the barge Lone Star, which is very much needed by the wreckers. Capt. Wiley believes that the Maine was destroyed through the agency of an internal explosion. In an interview aboard the Underwriter this afternoon, Capt. Wiley said:

"You ask me what I know about the cause of the disaster. I reply that I know nothing, and when you get down to actual facts, I do not believe there is anybody who knows just how the unfortunate affair happened.

"When I reached Havana, I conversed with Capt. Sharp, Merritt's expert in charge of the wreck, but could not learn anything about the result of his personal investigation. While at Havana I heard no opinions as to the cause, and it seemed to me as if the affair was a nine days' wonder blown over.

"The arrival of the Chief will facilitate the work of clearing away the wreck, as she lifts forty tons. The guns, shells, powder cases and scraps are being placed aboard lighters. The Lone Star will return with this material to Norfolk, if she does not carry it beyond Morro Castle and dump it into the sea. It is all worthless.

"Without having had any opportunity to examine the wreck below the water line, I would say that the Maine was blown up by an internal explosion. It is the most confused pile of distorted metal imaginable. There is one deck above water which is turned completely over by the explosion. The deck is bottom-side up, with the deck frame on top. That looks to me as if the destructive force came from within. If a mine did the work and played so much havoc with the upper deck, where must the bottom be? Can she have any? Yet they say they have found some of the bottom intact.

"My opinion is that if the affair had occurred in an English harbor, say Kingston, Jamaica, there would not be one man in a hundred would say external cause after looking at the wreck as it is today. I heard that the Spanish divers found a piece of the forward turret. I do not believe a mine in

the harbor would have broken the turret, while an internal explosion would. I saw a great many exploded copper powder cases, but none intact. Before I left it was stated that there were still forty bodies in the wreck."

SUNDAY AT KEY WEST.

Two Unidentified Bodies Buried—Insurgents Arrive—The Squadron.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
KEY WEST, March 20.—The two unidentified bodies from the Maine brought here last night were buried today in the city cemetery with simple services. A division of blue-jackets followed the hearse.

Col. Fernando Salcedo of the insurgent army arrived this morning from Nassau on the schooner Hattie Darling. With a companion he left the shores of Cuba in an open boat, and after an eight-day tempestuous passage they landed at Nassau, half dead from exposure. Col. Salcedo is on sick leave. His companion is carrying dispatches from Gen. Maximo Gomez to the junta in New York.

Tomorrow the Indiana is expected from the Dry Tortugas, and that station will then be left with the Texas and Massachusetts, which did not sail yesterday as was expected. These battleships will take off more ammunition, and, unless their orders are unexpectedly changed, will leave in a day or two for Hampton Roads.

The Bache sailed for the Tortugas tonight to resume her usual work of surveying the channels. The Mangrove will sail tomorrow for the Tortugas, and will lay buoys there. This is merely in line with the activity already shown in improving harbor facilities at the Tortugas.

The Detroit and Montgomery arrived from the Tortugas today. The former put more ammunition on board the New York and Iowa and then anchored in the harbor. The torpedo boat Porter left for the Tortugas, and the torpedo boat Dupont returned here.

The fleet off Key West now consists of the Iowa, New York, Nashville, Montgomery, Detroit and the torpedo boats Dupont, Winslow, Foote and Cushing. The Indiana will be added tomorrow.

UNCLE SAM GOT LEFT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
LONDON, March 21.—The Daily News' Rome correspondent says that Spain has bought the cruiser Garibaldi from Italy. The Argentine Republic has bought the cruiser Vares. The United States wanted to purchase both of these vessels, but was too late.

BROWNSON'S SECRET VISIT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]  
NEW YORK, March 20.—A dispatch to the World from New Castle-on-Tyne says:

"Commander Brownson, the United States naval commissioner sent to Europe to procure vessels for the American navy, paid a strictly secret visit to the Elswick shipyard here. Under the guidance of Sir Andrew Noble, the manager of Armstrong, Whitworth & Co.'s works, he inspected the Almirante Abreu, the unfinished cruiser which Brazil has just sold to the United States, the mate of the Amazonas, which was placed under the American flag last week. Commander Brownson made special arrangements with the firm to finish the Abreu with all dispatch. Commander Brownson carefully inspected, also, the cruiser O'Higgins, building for Chile, and four Japanese and Chinese cruisers, three afloat and the fourth to be launched next Tuesday.

"He was accompanied by Mr. Cramp, a shipbuilder from the United States, but the Elswick firm will not allow Mr. Cramp's staff to work in the naval shipyard on the Almirante Abreu. Commander Brownson returned to London about midnight.

## SHE CAN'T PAY

### Cuba Unable to Raise an Indemnity.

Utterly Devastated and Needs Time to Recuperate.

To Impose a Big Debt Would be Wickedness.

Letter from a Member of the Junta, Havana Newspaper Attacks Yankees—Election Preparations, The Maine's Launch Raised.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

COLUMBUS (O.), March 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] State Librarian C. B. Galbraith received today from Fidel G. Pierra of the Cuban Junta, New York, a letter, in which he says that Cuba cannot pay an indemnity for her freedom. As this comes direct from the Cuban delegation, it may be considered as the authorized statement on behalf of the Cuban Republic itself. The letter reads, in part, as follows:

"When the idea of paying a sum of money to Spain in order that she would withdraw from Cuba was first broached by some of the leaders of the revolution, the destruction of property had not yet commenced in the island. Those who made the proposition were moved no doubt by the most humane feelings, and the most praiseworthy motives, but they did not stop to consider how heavy the pecuniary burden which they were ready to accept would be for the people of Cuba. They had made no calculations; they had simply obeyed their feelings. It was a sad mistake to make such an offer.

"Cuban financial writers have demonstrated in the clearest and most convincing manner that even before any property had been destroyed Cuba could not bear the burden of a debt of \$200,000,000. It has been shown beyond all doubt that for several years previous to 1895, the total net income of all the industries of the island did not reach a higher figure than \$35,000,000 or \$40,000,000, and that a budget of expenditure of from \$7,000,000 to \$8,000,000 was the utmost that the country could afford. Cuba is utterly devastated; her people have perished by hundreds of thousands; desolation, fearful and appalling to contemplate, extends almost all over the land. Even supposing that foreign capital should readily and copiously flow into the country immediately after the withdrawal of the Spanish, recuperation must of necessity be slow at first. Ten years, possibly fifteen, will be required fully to develop the productive forces of the island.

"During that period of time, it will be difficult to raise sufficient revenue even to meet the most pressing necessities of the public service, and it is the merest dream of a visionary to expect that Cuba will be able to pay interest on any debt, which she may contract for the purpose of indemnifying Spain, however small that debt may be. To compel her to accept a burden which she cannot bear is sheer wickedness. Cuba cannot and should not pay anything to Spain."

THOSE LORDLY YANKEES

And the "Lies They Publish" Worried a Havana Editor.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HAVANA, March 20.—[By Key West Cable.] The United Constitutional, in an editorial today, under the caption "Basta Ya," ("It is Enough") calls attention to the presence in Havana of "certain lordly men, who are talking loudly, discussing Spanish and Cuban affairs, and criticising the government." It says: "The action of these men, the Yankee correspondents who stir up strife between nations, might, by the lies they publish, cause innocent Americans to be food for cannon in the event of war. The Maine disaster has been used as a text for foolish stories about mines and about dungeons worse than the inquisition. Under pretense of relief the United States surrounds Cuba with the vessels of her fleet, and the jingo spirit urges war.

"The United States is settled by aliens, anarchists and the lower classes, who do not know the meaning of real charity, their motto being, 'My son, get money.' Honestly, if you can, but at any rate get money." They seek to inflict humiliation upon Spanish honor and charity by their ostentatious contributions.

"The presence of the Vizcaya and the Almirante Oquendo, has helped to keep the American jingoes within bounds, and when the fleet of torpedo-boats arrives from Spain, and Admiral Manterola raises his flag here on the great ship Carlos V., all these menaces, inside and outside, will disappear."

Consul-General Lee today visited the graves of the victims of the Maine disaster in Colon Cemetery. The ground has been leveled preparatory to sowing and ornamentation with shrubs and flowers. Gen. Lee will soon erect a fence, inclosing all the graves with a gateway. The question of a suitable monument has not yet been raised.

As a result of the action of a Central Committee of the Conservative party in Havana, in urging all that wing to take part in the coming elections, the local Conservatives in Cienfuegos, composed of prominent men, have resigned in a body. The autonomists have decided to nominate the

## Points of the News in Today's Times.

### SUMMARY.

Associated Press night report, 12,880 words, Times exclusive dispatches.

2384 words—total. No. of Words. No. of Columns.

15,204 16

### The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12.

Dr. Forest's great scheme to beat Wall street—Bankers' Alliance policy—holders fooled again....Dates for First Brigade inspections....Electric Light Company will use San Gabriel conduits....Diamond Jubilee Committee hears from Queen Victoria....Work of the Associated Charities....Peculiar request for information received by Chief Glass....Plot to break the local oil trust....Sermons in the churches....Interview with G. J. Griffith....Beggars suspected of being burglars.

### Southern California—Page 11.

Memorial services in Pasadena....Santa Ana rejoicing in a heavy water supply....A wave motor to be placed and tested at Newport....National Republican League organizes at San Diego....The Chula Vista water question still unsolved....Patriarches Militant of the I.O.O.F. go to Tia Juana....Peculiar mischief at Santa Monica....Memorial services for Miss Willard at Pomona....Covina school property in jeopardy....The election fight at Redlands to hinge on the trustees....Mysterious death of a Mexican at San Bernardino....An independent party, with free silver tacked on, organizes at San Bernardino.

### At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from London, Chicago, Boston, Kansas City, Omaha, San Francisco and other places.

### Pacific Coast—Page 5.

Ex-Street Commissioner Croly factually wounded by burglars at Sacramento....A New York schooner and a party of Klondikers missing....News from Skaguay....The murderer of Clement tells his story....Another killing....Cycling, baseball and curling....Herdsmen may pasture in the public parks....Second comet of the year discovered....The New York's cargo being taken ashore.

### General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5.

Various reports from Washington about the court of inquiry's findings....The President said to have had it two days and the court said to have not made it....A member of the junta says Cuba can't pay an indemnity....Capt. Wiley thinks the explosion was internal. Big fire at Jersey City....British Lieutenant writes a book on the Indian war....A German offers to fight Senator Mason's duel....Terry and wife both ill....Colored man and wife killed by whites....One of the latter slain. "Black Jack's" gang of nine exterminated....Montreal threatened with a big flood.

### By Cable—Pages 1, 2.

Brownson makes a secret visit to an English shipyard....Spain and Argentina buy two Italian boats which this government wanted....The Spanish government will not allow publication of naval movements....French demand on China disavowed....Transvaal threatens war.

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)



following men as their candidates for the next Congress: Rafael Labra, Moya Serrano, Perdo Montes, Gonzalez Las Vilas, Herbes, Gen. Llanos, Herstein, Espinosa Costello, Roman, Labra, Gabriel Espano, E. Gelchera, Rafael Alvarez, José Lopez, Augustin Silveira, Manuel Troyano, Esteban Delafont, Rodríguez and Asman San Miguel.

The Maine's steam launch was raised today from the wreck by the contractors.

The latest advice from Gen. Pando's forces tell of "an unimportant skirmish with the rebels in the province of Puerto Principe."

#### AFFAIRS AT HAVANA.

**Little Work on the Maine—Much by the Red Cross.**

HAVANA, March 20.—[By Key West Cable.] Little work was done on the wreck of the Maine today by the divers or contractors. The city has been quiet, after the festivities of last night, lasting until nearly morning, at the Tacon Theater, where a dramatic representation was given in aid of the fund for the Spanish navy. There was plenty of enthusiasm in the crowded theater. Every patriotic sentiment was cheered to the echo, but there were no sensational features. The proceeds are not all in yet, but it is believed that they will amount to between \$30,000 and \$40,000 in gold. Former estimates were too large. Even with the enormous prices paid for the boxes and seats, it was impossible to get any such receipts as \$80,000 or \$100,000, as was hoped by some.

The Austrian cruiser Donau, which left for New York last evening, is not expected to reach her destination for a week or two, as she is slow, even with auxiliary sail power.

The Red Cross Society of America, having decided to devote itself henceforth in Cuba to hospitals, asylum and kindred work, Dr. Egan prefers not to serve on the general committee. The Distribution Relief Committee now consists of Consul-General Lee, Dr. R. Guzman, representing the Cuban committee, and J. L. Vanderway, secretary of the Western Railway of Cuba, representing the American contributors.

Gen. Lee will act as arbitrator in the event of a difference of opinion between the two other members. The food on hand will afford relief to all the needy in the island for a week or more, and additional supplies are afloat.

Relief has been sent to 134 central points, from which 462 towns and villages have been supplied. Corn meal is the principal ration, as being good food for the really hungry, but not likely to tempt beggars or the unworthy. Besides, there is no difficulty in getting it through the customs quickly.

Special Commissioner Klopsch has appointed three men to travel constantly through the island, to verify the count of the needy, to see that the supplies are properly received and handled, to prevent fraud, and generally to assist in the work of distribution. The latest total reported to Mr. Klopsch is 205,000 necessitous cases.

If the government will sanction the arrangement a large building in the suburbs of Guanabacoa, where the Alfonso XIII regiment is now quartered, will be rented by the relief committee. Several hundred reconcentrados have just been sent to work cultivating ten acres of ground surrounding the building in contributing to their own support. The plan is experimental, and if successful, is capable of extensive development elsewhere.

**NEW YORK ENTHUSIASM.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 20.—Over four thousand people gathered last night in the Metropolitan Opera-house and joined with the chorus on the stage in the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" with more enthusiasm than has been exhibited in the opera-house for many months. It was upon the occasion of the performance for the benefit of the Maine monument fund.

On the stage stood the well-known opera singer, Camille d'Arville, and behind her were massed the combined choruses of the Broadway theater, the Casino and the Whitney and the Madison Square theaters. In the background an immense American flag waved from a tall pole. Each of the singers carried a small flag, and the moment the patriotic air was started, the entire audience arose in their places and joined in the melody. At the conclusion there was tremendous cheering and a great demonstration, then "My Country" was sung.

The entertainment, aside from the subscriptions, netted about \$12,000. Many of the best-known actors and actresses took part in the performance, and among the spectators was Miss Evangelina Cisneros, who came in for much applause at one time in the evening.

**PROCTOR'S APPEAL.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

RUTLAND (Vt.), March 20.—Senator Proctor of Vermont has been asked by Mayor Clement and several citizens of this city to appear at a public meeting Tuesday or Wednesday evening on his recent trip to Cuba. In a private letter to the pastor of the Congregational church, received here today, the Senator says: "For heaven's sake place Cuba first among your objects of charity, at least now."

**NEW JERSEY'S NATIONAL GUARD.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 20.—The commanding officers of the regiments of the New Jersey National Guard held a meeting at division headquarters at Gen. J. W. Plume at Newark today. The general condition of the troops was considered, and all were reported satisfactory. It was the sense of the meeting that as New Jersey has no coast defense between Sandy Hook and Cape May, except a few gun batteries at Secaucus, N. J., in case of war she would have to take care of her coasts with her troops the minute hostilities were begun between the United States and Spain. While no official order was given, every man was quietly informed to be in readiness in case an emergency should arise.

**ACTIVITY IN FLORIDA.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PENSACOLA (Fla.), March 20.—Powder, shot and shell continue to arrive here in large quantities for the forts and batteries defending the harbor. Three of the big mortars for the new battery on Santa Rosa Island have also arrived, and they will be mounted as quickly as possible.

There is great activity at Fort Pickens. In addition to the 6 and 8-inch rifle guns, a 16-inch gun is being mounted in the fort. Capt. J. W. McMurray, commanding the two batteries of the

Fourth Artillery at Fort Mianan, has been promoted to be major of the Fifth Artillery. The work of deepening and widening the new channel on the bar is progressing steadily, and the largest merchant steamships now pass through it without difficulty. It is expected that twenty-three feet of water will soon be obtained.

#### CARLOADS OF SUPPLIES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), March 20.—A relief fund of \$200,000 and twenty-one carloads of provisions and clothing collected in Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma, for the starving Cubans, were forwarded south from here today. These relief measures are being carried out under the management of the Kansas City Star, and the agents of the Star will be distributing at Matanzas, under the direction of United States Consul Brice.

This relief is being carried free on a special train over the Memphis road to Memphis, then over the Illinois Central to New Orleans. The United States government has granted the transportation from New Orleans to Matanzas. The principal articles of food sent are wheat flour, corn meal, rice, potatoes, rolled oats, condensed milk and soup extracts. The contributions of clothing include a great number of calico dresses for women and children.

#### RECRUITS FROM COLUMBUS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

COLUMBUS (O.), March 20.—Eighty recruits have been forwarded from the Columbus post up to date for the new artillery regiments, and as many more are now at the post under instructions. A high percentage for enlistment, and fully four-fifths of those applying are rejected.

#### BATTERY K ENCAMPMENTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

GALVESTON (Tex.), March 20.—Battery K of light artillery, with four companies and six hundred men, Capt. Dillonback in command, reached Galveston this morning and went into camp on the government reservation, just west of this city on the Gulf beach. Battery K is the crack battery of the army, and its full strength is four officers and seventy-six men, four modern 32-inch guns and sixty horses. The move from Fort Sam Houston to Galveston is a change of station. A company of heavy artillery from Jackson Barracks at New Orleans is expected tomorrow.

#### MAN FOR THE MARQUIS.

**SENATOR MASON FIND A VOLUNTEER PROXY.**

Theodore Schausseil of Dallas, Tex., offers to fight Editor de Alta Villa if the latter can furnish credentials of his rank.

#### BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

DALLAS (Tex.), March 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Theodore Schausseil, a prominent German-American of Dallas, wants to accept the challenge to fight a duel recently sent to United States Senator Mason of Illinois by Marquis de Alta Villa, a doubtful Castilian. Schausseil comes from fighting stock himself, and is an expert swordsman. He has sent the following letter to Senator Mason:

"Dear Sir: I see by the press report that you have been challenged by a Spaniard with the high-sounding name of Marquis de Alta Villa to fight a duel with swords. Knowing the high position which you occupy in the councils of this country, you could not afford to notice the vapors of a fool Spaniard, who attempts to earn a livelihood by the circulation of a cheap illustrated paper, so I beg of you the honor and the privilege of accepting this challenge for you. I am a German-born and bred, and a citizen of the United States by adoption. I would be pleased to meet this would-be representative of an almost effete monarchy in any way he may desire, with long, short, straight or crooked swords, rifles or shotguns, whichever may satisfy his bluntness, if he can furnish proper credentials as to his rank. It is such Spanish dogs as he that are the cause of the distress and death of so many of the defenseless Cubans.

(Signed) "THEODORE SCHAUSSSEIL."

#### LAKE SHIPYARDS.

**THE GOVERNMENT DESIROUS OF BUILDING BOATS THERE.**

Britishers are Asked if They are Willing That the Treaty Which Operates to Prohibit Such Work May Be Set Aside—Dangerous Precedent.

#### BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] England has been approached by this country for the purpose of discovering what she thinks about this government with the shipyards on the Great Lakes for building torpedo-boats and torpedo-boat destroyers. If she will not regard such work as an act of unfriendliness, it is probable provision will be made in the Naval Bill for bids from lake builders for the construction of six torpedo-boats at a cost not exceeding \$150,000 each and for six destroyers, to cost not over \$250,000.

This diplomatic query is coupled with a request as to whether this country may build a modern warship for lake service to replace the Michigan without having Great Britain considering that act as an abrogation of the treaty of 1817. That treaty in itself does not bind either government to refrain from building and maintaining more than one warship in those waters, but protocols depending upon it do bind to such a restriction. This government does not desire an abrogation of that treaty, hence the inquiry.

It was reported here today that Great Britain had answered that this country might build a cruiser to replace the Michigan and also that she might build torpedo craft for use on the ocean, and Great Britain will not consider the treaty as void. That, however, does not, upon investigation, prove correct. Nevertheless, there is a considerable prospect that a warship will be built to replace the Michigan. A member of the House Naval Affairs Committee tonight said that a majority of the members of the Senate Naval Committee had agreed to amend the Naval Appropriation Bill by providing for a warship on the lakes to

cost not exceeding \$500,000. Representative Southard of Toledo, a member of the Senate Committee, said that the Republican members of that body have informally considered the McMillan bill, providing for a small cruiser to cost not more than \$225,000, but had reached no conclusion. His opinion is that no item for that purpose will be put in the Naval Bill because says he "If we begin building war-vessels on the lakes, Great Britain will keep pace with us and we will start upon an era of useless expenditure, unless, of course, Great Britain is satisfied there is no intention to overmatch her naval strength on the lakes. Of her satisfaction on that point we have no assurance. The Secretary of the Navy says build one, but the State Department has not said anything as to the international subject."

#### SPANISH POLITICS.

**SIDEGLIMPS ON AFFAIRS TRYING TO THE DONS.**

Efforts to Discredit the Lee Incident Futility—The Government's Complicity a Source of Irritation. Don Jaime to Declare Himself Pretender.

#### [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, March 20.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.] Wired from Chicago, March 20.—The Madrid correspondent writes that the government during the past few days been trying to convince the public that there was never any question of Gen. Fitzgibbon's recall from Havana. The facts in the case, however, are exactly as related to the Associated Press.

Senor Sagasta, in conversation with Gen. Woodford, said that friendly relations and good will between the two countries would be promoted were Gen. Lee to be recalled and, after consulting his government, Gen. Woodford did inform the Premier that such a step could not be considered. Nothing would have been known of this had it not been that someone in the Spanish Foreign Office confided the information to the official news agency of Spain—the Fabra Agency. The fact that the agency received it and that the censor allowed it to be telegraphed by them abroad is, to those familiar with methods in Madrid, conclusive evidence that it was planted. It was only when the effect this news produced in America was called back here, and after there was a fall on the part of the house that the question of denying the authenticity.

The Gaceta, the Spanish Ministerial organ, in a leading article of the 19th inst., says that the misadventure of the stock exchange, adding that neither government nor public opinion should pay greater attention to the phenomenon than it merits.

"The present blow," it continues, "comes from Paris, and is due to two absurd rumors, namely, that the United States government refused to remove Gen. Lee at the request of the Spanish government and that no lesser person than his Holiness Pope Leo XIII. has threatened to excommunicate the United States government in favor of the Cuban insurgents. The first has no basis whatever, and the second is a suggestion of the removal of the latter only arises from Cardinal Cascares's pastoral, but it is not a threat, and the said pastoral has not been well received at Rome."

The Imperial refers to the Gen. Lee rumor and to the government denial of the truth as to account for the fall in prices. It declines to decide on which side the truth really lies. Commenting on the tranquility of the government, it says: "The Secretary of State, committed himself to favorable statements with regard to the Cuban insurgents. The first has no basis whatever, and the second is a suggestion of the removal of the latter only arises from Cardinal Cascares's pastoral, but it is not a threat, and the said pastoral has not been well received at Rome."

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connected with this matter. There may be some truth in all this, but we imagine the drop on Monday arose from the report that Capt. Brownson was at once going to France and England to examine the ships offered for sale to the United States, and to the knowledge that the republic was hurrying forward in all haste its military preparations. In appearance, the messages passing between the cabinets of Washington and Madrid are very friendly and calming; but everyone sees that there is no real peace of mind. The solution of the problem lies in the pacification of Cuba. When that is accomplished all the clouds that now fall from the United States will disappear of themselves.

The Imperial regrets that Spain applies to external politics the dilatory tactics she is accustomed to use in domestic politics. To a great extent, it explains, arises from the fact that for the greater part of the century Spain has but little to do with outside politics. "For we have never like a nation shut up in its shell, stewing in its juice."

Don Jaime de Bourbon, who is staying in the Hotel de Capote at the Villa Henry IV, will shortly receive the Spanish Carlist Deputies. Afterward he will proceed to Spain, where he will declare himself Hara Acto de Pretender.

Commenting upon the above telegram, the Herald remarks that it will surprise no one that the gravity of the situation. It says:

"The fact that our correspondent makes no hesitation as to the accuracy of the above telegram, and that he considers the consequence of the reflection of Carlist views, more especially if we bear in mind that the Carlist organ, the 'Revista de Europa,' has during the past few days accentuated the threats it has been lavishing for months past. Nevertheless, we must be wise and take for granted that Don Carlos de Bourbon has decided to surrender his pretended claims to his son, Don Jaime, in whom there is no doubt that he has placed his hopes. Although it is certain that many wish to again set civil war ablaze with regard to Carlist claims of authority, it is a criminal intention will find no echo in the country not within those circles of tradition which still follow Don Carlos."

Don Carlos, however, hope that fresh news may correct or clear up that sent by our correspondent in Paris, which is undoubtedly grave, although it may refer to plans which may fall through."

The Liberal says: "Ministerialists say there is absolutely no ground for the belief that Don Jaime de Bourbon proposes shortly to visit Spain in order to declare himself Pretender. But it is clear that should Carlos's son come to Spain, he would do so by hoodwinking the Carlist authorities, and that it is not difficult to do. It is not in that vigilance the government ministers base their denial that Don Jaime will come to Spain, but in the pleasant designs of the Carlists, which enable them to state that the Carlist party has no intention of committing any act in which Don Jaime could take part."

This appears to be confirmed by other well-authorized reports.

There is also a rumor that Don Jaime, the "restless" son of Don Carlos, would in a short time come to Spain to execute a deed which should accord to him the title of King of Spain. The rumor is said to have been signed in his favor his rights to the crown, says well-known Carlists deny the accuracy of the report, and say that he will not come to Spain, but will remain in the United States, where he will live in the law—in order to protect against the policy pursued by the national government during the last few days.

The Correo publishes a manifesto to the Carlists, urging them to do all in their power at the approaching election to restore to Spain her honor and glory. The document is signed by Marquis de Corballo.

The organization of the second torpedo flotilla, which is shortly expected, will be under the command of Don Jaime de Bourbon, who is now in the San Fernando navy yard at Cadiz.

#### NO MORE WAR NEWS.

**SPANISH GOVERNMENT TO CHOKER OFF THE NEWSPAPERS.**

All Telegrams Relating to the Torpedo Flotilla or the General Naval Preparations Will be Prohibited Henceforth.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The increased severity of press censorship, says the Madrid correspondent of the Times, is due to a storm of contradictory reports raised by the detention of the torpedo fleet at the Canary Islands, and for the future it is intended to prohibit all telegrams relating to the flotilla or the general naval preparations.

#### OBJECTS TO CENSORSHIP.

MADRID, March 20.—El Liberal protests against the authorities stopping telegrams to Spanish newspapers. It characterizes such action as "a useless procedure, because the Spanish race is both prudent and patriotic."

#### AROUSING THE GARRISON.

BURLINGTON (Vt.), March 20.—Orders which the officers do not make public were received by the Fort Ethan Allen yesterday from Washington, and preparations for movement were begun. All day yesterday and today everyone has been hustling, shoeing horses, securing camp equipment and taking precaution against a rush to work through Sunday indicates very urgent orders. There are four troops of cavalry here.

#### AN INFAMOUS EQUIVOCATION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BOSTON, March 20.—At today's meeting of the Central Labor Union, subscription blanks calling for contributions to the monument fund for the victims of the Maine explosion, which were sent out by Mayor Quincy's committee, were returned because they did not bear the label of the Allied Printing Trades Council.

#### CONCESSION FOR RECIPROCITY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 21.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says that Senor Polo y Bernabe, the Spanish Minister at Washington, has been authorized to make all the concessions possible in order to obtain the speedy conclusion of a reciprocity treaty. By America's express desire, this also includes the Philippine Islands. Both the Cuban and Spanish cabinets are anxious, yet expect the negotiations to the utmost. Senor Polo y Bernabe wires that he has found the American State Department very favorably disposed on this point, but that more reserve must be shown on the international question pending the settlement of the Maine affair.

#### BADLY MIXED.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

tion for the United States and her institutions. Neither country is anxious to sell their ships to this government, basing the indisposition on the belief that we have an excellent navy of our own. They want these vessels themselves. If the time should come, however, when it was apparent that the United States needs these vessels, they would gladly part with them to us."

The attention of Mr. Flint was called to the published report that the United States would purchase the Brazilian torpedo boat Tuby, but he said it was not done so far as he was aware, as there were no negotiations under way to that effect.

Aside from the meeting of the several members of the Cabinet at the White House, there were no incidents of importance during the day. Judge Day, Assistant Secretary Adee, Chief Clerk Michael, and other officials were at the department, but this has been quite common during the recent months. Also at the War and Navy departments a number of chiefs of bureaus were at their desks for several hours, mainly for the purpose of disposing of the business which recently has accumulated so rapidly.

The most interesting topic of the day was based on the dispatches from Havana, indicating a prospective conference between Gen. Pando and Gens. Garcia and Gomez and others of the insurgent army for the purpose of submitting to the latter a formal offer of autonomy. The offer of autonomy, as outlined in the dispatches, apparently found no credence with the officials of the Spanish Legation. They stated their disbelief that a conference on the proposed line was probable, and added that they had no information on the subject. Minister Polo y Bernabe expressed the opinion that the report from Havana was unfounded, as he said the basis upon which it was proposed to grant autonomy was absurd.

#### THE COURT AT WORK.

**Rear-Admiral Seward Says It Will Not Report This Week.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KEY WEST (Fla.), March 20.—The court of inquiry, according to Rear-Admiral Seward, will not report its work through the coming week, as it is not ready to make a report on the Maine disaster. The statement that Albert S. Barker carried the report to Washington is officially denied. The object of his flying visit to Key West was not ascertained until today. It can be authoritatively stated that he had nothing to do with the court of inquiry.

Capt. Barker came here Friday from Tampa on a special mission to investigate the harbor defenses, following out some lines suggested by Gen. Wilson, chief of engineers, in his recent inspection of land fortifications. Capt. Barker's plan, when he left here last night, was to confer with Commander McCalla of the Marblehead, who is now at Tampa, and he will probably remain there a day or two. Capt. Barker formerly commanded the Oregon. It is impossible to say definitely whether any synopsis of the findings of the court up to date has been sent to Washington. The notion prevails here that this has been done, but no official confirmation is obtainable. That the final report has been sent to Washington can be definitely denied.

Capt. Sampson and Lieutenant-Commander Marx remained on board the Iowa today. Capt. Chadwick and Lieutenant-Commander Porter did not leave the New York. The court is expected to reconvene tomorrow on the Iowa.

#### SEAMAN NEWMAN POSITIVE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 21.—The morning papers publish a long statement by Seaman Newman, recently arrived in England, who was on board the Maine at the time of the disaster in Havana Harbor. Newman solemnly declares the explosion was external, and on the port side of the ship.

#### WORKING SUNDAY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BETHLEHEM (Pa.), March 20.—The Bethlehem Iron Company's ordnance works were working today for the first Sunday in the company's history. The plant is running day and night, and over two thousand hands are busy.

#### SMOKELESS GUNPOWDER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 20.—The Norwegian steamer Norkin, which arrived this morning from Hamburg, brought twenty-five tons of smokeless gunpowder for the United States government.

#### MAINE'S HEAVY ARTILLERY.

AUGUSTA (Me.), March 20.—Gen. I. S. Bangs of Waterville has raised a regiment of heavy artillery for an emergency, should war ensue with Spain, from members of the Maine Grand Army, who saw service in that army during the war of the rebellion. A tender of the regiment will be made to the President.

#### SOMETHING LIKE IT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 21.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times confirms the statement that Germany has no inclination to interfere in the Cuban question. It cites the Berlin Post's saying that Germany's complex commercial interests, as well as her regard for German residents in the United States, forbid such an interference.

#### Had Nothing to Live for.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—Nelly Bray, the twenty-three-year-old daughter of Patrick Bray, a laborer who lives at No. 179 Fifth street, took her life tonight by stabbing herself in the left breast with a knife. Her father was present at the time, and medical assistance was immediately summoned, but without avail. She died a few minutes later in her father's arms. She was afflicted with consumption, and had become addicted to the use of morphine.

#### Vessels Ordered to Halifax.

HALIFAX (N. S.), March 20.—The swift torpedo-boat destroyer Rocket has just been ordered to this station from England. The announcement of her coming caused much comment in naval circles. The cruiser Indefatigable is also expected to arrive here soon after, coming from the West Indies at least two months ahead of the date at which the British North American squadron returns from its winter cruise.

#### WHY NO ALLIANCE.

ONE OF THE BEST OF RECENT BRITISH EDITORIALS.

The Daily Mail Believes in the Ability of America to Defeat Spain, but Says the Former is Not Ready to Face Responsibility Which Britain Assumes.

#### [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Daily Mail this morning in an editorial refuting "some of the American accusations of British chivalry," says:

"Among many reasons for Great Britain's comparative non-interest, not the least is our better knowledge of the Spaniards and their paper navy, and our conviction that the Anglo-Saxon will always defeat the Latin. Indeed, the trend of British thought is toward surprise that the greatest of republics should excite itself unduly about so poor a foe."

"The Americans should remember that, while we are full of trust in their capability to deal with Spanish impertinencies, we are fully occupied with a greater trouble threatened or active in various parts of the world. They have our full sympathy at all times when France, Germany and Russia are backing Spain as fully and almost openly as they are opposing British efforts for the freedom of foreign trade throughout the world."

"But there is no occasion now to talk of an offensive and defensive alliance. The disproportion between our mission and American malice makes it impossible. There will be time to propose this way of recementing the race when America is ready to face the splendid responsibilities it entails."

#### WHITE AGAINST BLACK.

**Colored Man and His Paleface Wife Murdered—Outsider Killed.**

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MUSKOGEE (I. T.), March 20.—A dastardly outrage was committed last night near the town of Wyback, five miles north of here, resulting in the death of two men and a woman. The house of Ed Chalmers, a negro who recently married a white woman, was attacked during the night by six white men, who had evidently determined to murder both the negro and his wife, both of whom had been threatened by white men who disliked the union. A door of their cabin was broken in, and both the negro and his wife were shot down, but not before Chalmers had put up a good fight against his assailants. The woman was killed outright, and although Chalmers succeeded in driving off the attacking party, they left him mortally wounded. The body of Chalmers was found this morning by the body of Matthews, an aged white man, who lived at Gibson's Station, was found near the Chalmers cabin, pierced with a bullet.

Matthews answers the description given by Chalmers, before he died, of one of his assailants. There were evidences that Matthews's body had been

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Spenda Quality All-wool Ingrain Carpets, very handsome new patterns, and colors, only 65c a yard. **AKRO FURNITURE CO.**, 401 S. Main, apt. 10, Phone Main 1164.

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800 carloads. Our prices are the lowest. Scale weight. L. A. HAY STATION, 401 S. Main, apt. 10, Phone Main 1164.

**NITA BICYCLES \$35.**  
Milwaukee Bicycles \$25. Every wheel fully guaranteed. Honest wheelcut. **A. R. MAINES**, 438 South Spring St.

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Plenty of cuts for any business at its price. Engraving by every process. Illustrate your ads. J. C. NEWITT, 438 South Spring St.

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Oat or Barley, sweet and clean, \$14.50. Strictly No. 1 Alfalfa, \$14.50. First Out, Wheat or Barley Hay in the car. **C. E. PRICE & CO.**, 401 S. Main, apt. 10, Phone Main 1164.

**HAY, HAY, HAY.**  
Good feeding Hay \$12 per ton delivered. **SHAW & MILLING CO.**, 401 S. Main, apt. 10, Phone Main 1164.

**MOWERS.**  
Crown and the Original Buckeye. Also Solid Comfort Mowers, the best made in the world. Sold by **FORNA IMPLEMENT CO.**, 217 N. Los Angeles Street.

**RESTAURANTS--HOTELS**  
And other large consumers official will save money by giving a chance to figure. **W. E. CLARK**, 1249 S. Pearl St. Phone Main 1164.

**Advertisements in this column**  
Terms and information can be had of **J. C. NEWITT**, 438 South Spring St.

**AUCTIONS.**  
J. W. REED & CO., Auctioneers, will sell Fine Furniture and Carpets. 10 A. M.

**Chesterfield House**  
224 West Third Street, THURSDAY, March 24, 10 A. M., comprising 12 Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, all the Chairs, Rockers, Center Tables, Lamps, etc. Lace Curtains, Shades, Bed Brussels Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets, etc.

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...FURNITURE AND CARPETS...  
J. M. Reed & Co., Auctioneers, will sell at sales rooms, 557-559 South Spring Street, Wednesday, March 23, 10 A. M.

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TODAY (MONDAY). Last day of J. Strickland's Art and Curio Stock, 29 South Broadway. Everything good and cheap. **BEN O. RHOADES**, Auctioneer. Office--387 South Spring.

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Do everything to improve and beautify your hair and complexion and remove all defects. Oldest and largest parlors in Southern California. **Imperial Hair Bazaar**, 224-226 W. Second St.

**OVO FILE & TUMOR CURE**  
Ovo File, for all Diseases of the Rectum. Price \$1.00. Ovo Lung Healer, for all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Price \$1.00. Ask your druggist for OVO MEDICAL CO., 107 N. Main St. Tel. Brown 47.

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makes house cleaning easy. Largest package--greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

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### A SIMPLE, HARMLESS REMEDY.

Yet it Cures the Worst Cases of Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

Dr. Jennings, who has made a life study of stomach troubles, says: All forms of indigestion really amount to the same thing; that is, failure to completely digest the food eaten. A person will not have any of these if the stomach can be induced by any natural, harmless way to thoroughly digest what is eaten, and this can be done by a simple remedy which I have tested in hundreds of aggravated cases with complete success. The remedy is a combination of fruit and vegetable essences, pure aseptic pepsin and golden seal, put up in the form of pleasant-tasting tablets, and sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. One or two of these tablets should be taken after meals and allowed to dissolve in the mouth, and, mingling with the food in the stomach, digest it completely before it has time to ferment, decay and sour.

On actual experiment one grain of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest three thousand grains of meat, eggs and similar wholesome food.

It is safe to say that this wholesome remedy would be better known by people generally, if it were a national blessing, as we are a nation of dyspeptics, and nine-tenths of all diseases owe their origin to imperfect digestion and nutrition.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not a secret patent medicine, but a 50-cent package will do good for a weak stomach, with \$50 worth of patent medicines, and a person has the satisfaction of knowing just what he is putting into his stomach, which he does not know when widely advertised patent medicines are used.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, full-sized packages, 50 cents.

A little book on cause and cure of stomach troubles mailed free by addressing the Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

**She Had Asthma and Cancer**  
"I had Asthma and Cancer for years. A friend told me of Microbe Killer cured both diseases and they were cured. I tried it and it cured me. I am now well and happy. Write for free literature. **Microbe Killer**, 216 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

**RHEUMATISM GONE.**  
F. C. Robinson of No. 220 Brook Street Has This to Say of Valley Flower.

"For the first time in years I am free of rheumatism and catarrh of the bladder. Valley Flower has permanently cured me. For female complaints and irregularities there is nothing like Valley Flower. The vegetable compound, it is nature's remedy for Bright's disease, catarrh of the bladder, diabetes, blood disorders and all kidney and urinary troubles. Write for free literature. **Valley Flower**, 216 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

**Bartlett's Music House,**  
233 S. Spring St. Established 1894. Sole Agency for **Steinway Pianos.**

**LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY CO.**  
Time of Passenger Trains February 21, 1938.

From Los Angeles to...  
To Los Angeles from...  
S. B. RYAN, Gen'l Mgr.

**Pacific Coast Steamship Co.**  
The Company's elegant steamers, 2411, Rosa and Pomona leave Honolulu at 10 A. M. for Los Angeles at 2:30 P. M. for San Francisco at 3:30 P. M. for Seattle at 4:30 P. M. for Portland at 5:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 6:30 P. M. for Seattle at 7:30 P. M. for Portland at 8:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 9:30 P. M. for Seattle at 10:30 P. M. for Portland at 11:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 12:30 P. M. for Seattle at 1:30 P. M. for Portland at 2:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 3:30 P. M. for Seattle at 4:30 P. M. for Portland at 5:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 6:30 P. M. for Seattle at 7:30 P. M. for Portland at 8:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 9:30 P. M. for Seattle at 10:30 P. M. for Portland at 11:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 12:30 P. M. for Seattle at 1:30 P. M. for Portland at 2:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 3:30 P. M. for Seattle at 4:30 P. M. for Portland at 5:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 6:30 P. M. for Seattle at 7:30 P. M. for Portland at 8:30 P. M. for Tacoma at 9:30 P. M. for Seattle at 10:30 P. M. for Portland at 11:30 P. 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# The Times

## THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 20.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.15; at 5 p.m., 30.07. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 43 deg. and 56 deg. Relative humidity, 8 a. m., 85 per cent.; 5 p.m., 44 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 4 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 8 miles. Character of weather, clear. Maximum temperature, 63 deg.; minimum temperature, 39 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—For Southern California: Fair Monday, with frost in the morning; fresh westerly wind.

### ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Fratrie Clark of Napa is trying to convince the world that his confession was but an idle dream and that he was not such a fool as he looked. Unfortunately these opportune scraps of correspondence are of the kind that makes a man's bump of believing collapse into a tired hollow.

Moffatt, the latest addition to the ranks of the wife-slashing brigade, has added one more cowardly murder to the bloody fame of Oakland's "Death Corner." Unfortunately, he is beyond the reach of human justice, but it is permissible to hope that he has located another death corner down below where an extra double-distilled brand of brimstone will be served to him on red-hot plates.

The Oakland Tribune says: "Arizona has entered the market as a rival to California in the orange-growing business. They claim down there that the fruit ripens earlier than it does in this State, and 800 acres have been set out in trees as a starter. Arizona is fast getting rid of the idea that her domain is nothing but a vast sandy desert, fit for nothing but raising cactuses, rattlesnakes and Indians."

A gloomy view of the situation is taken by the Oakland Times, which says: "The frosts of the last few nights have been a fearful blow to the orchardists throughout the State. Unless the reports received are grossly exaggerated, the apricot, peach and almond crops of the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys are ruined. Between the frosts, the droughts and the hoppers in their vineyards, the unfortunate fruit-growers are having a hard time this year."

Ventura is still in good spirits. According to the Free Press: "Notwithstanding rumors of war and scarcity of rain, Ventura continues to improve. New railroads are being built, handsome residences erected, asphaltum works running full blast, beet-sugar factory rapidly nearing completion, and ere long we are told substantial business blocks will be in the course of construction. It is evident that it is not a very desirable community for calamity-howlers."

A generous suggestion is made by a citizen of San Jose, with regard to the orchard carnival. A correspondent of the Mercury says: "Give the poor of San Francisco a chance to see this glorious valley when the fruit trees are in bloom. The well-to-do can see such beauties when they will, but there are hundreds, if not thousands, of children in San Francisco who have never seen an orchard either in flower or fruit. What a revelation it would be to them to be taken to the Willows in this carnival time. There are poor, sick needlewomen who bend over machines all day and long into the night, who never have a spray of flowers. What a feast one day in our paradise would be to them. Can it not be managed? I know there are generous men and women here who would gladly lend their aid. Some may say 'There are the Flower Missions for such as you mention.' True, but what is a cluster of roses, or a bouquet of violets to the sight of a great orchard tossing its white or pink bloom to the caressing winds. It would be something to dream of the rest of a long life. New York provides such excursions for her poor. So do other cities. Invite San Francisco to send her unfortunates here for a day, and then let us all make them welcome." It is one of the things to be thankful for that the poor of Los Angeles need no such excursion. Here are flowers enough and to spare.

### BRITISH MARKETS.

Money is Somewhat Easier—American Railway Shares Improve.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, March 20.—The money market is somewhat easier on improved political prospects, but it is improbable that rates will fall much while the American demand for gold continues. The Stock Exchange is keen, and became steadier toward the end of the week. In many cases prices improved. The situation in the Far East is considerably more reassuring, and the sale of high-class stocks, owing to the demand for gold, has ceased. A more optimistic feeling in Spanish-American relations also prevails.

Home railways show a fairly general improvement and American railways have recovered materially on the London here and in Wall street. The chief increase were in Northern Pacific preferred, which rose 2½ points; Union Pacific, 2½; Norfolk and Western, preferred, 1½; Illinois Central, 1½; Denver and Rio Grande, preferred, 1½; Erie firsts, 1½; Louisville and Nashville, 1½; Northern Pacific, 1½; Union Pacific, 1½; Atchafalpa, preferred, 1½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, second, 1½; Canadian Pacific shares have improved 2½, and the rise in Grand Trunk ran from 1 to 2½ points. Internationals are mostly high. Spanish securities, after a substantial decline, recovered on the official announcement that the April interest would be paid. Chinese and Greeks have risen in view of the new loans. On the other hand, Transvaals have been sold, owing to the political clouds which have also unsettled the mining market.

Prof. Agassiz of Harvard has just arrived at San Francisco after an absence of some months on the South Sea, spent in studying the formation of the coral islands. It is said that he is now prepared to demonstrate, in opposition to the theories of Darwin and Dana, that the coral islands are not built up from the bottom, but are formed by a comparatively thin crust of coral upon tops of submerged mountains at points where the ocean is comparatively shallow.

CUBA, Weyler, Maine, Zola, Dreyfus. Weyler, Ostreich Farm, five minutes from City Hall.

CONTRACTS wanted to drill oil wells or deep wells for water; might take an interest; Charles Victor Hall, 2020 Central avenue.

## Events in Society.

Mrs. C. E. de Camp gave a Spanish luncheon Saturday at her residence on Thompson street, in honor of Mrs. M. A. King of Pasadena. The other guests were: Meses F. G. Teed, Frederick C. Hovey, A. A. Dickson, S. Ball, H. G. Wasey, A. Rimpau and De Oca. The table was decorated with a profusion of carnations and pansies. A feature was the guessing of the seeds in a pepper, at which the prize, a Spanish dollie, was won by Mrs. de Oca.

The Misses Estelle and Rose Meyer entertained at whist last Friday evening at their home on South Hope street. The decorations were in pink and white and the supper table presented a very pretty appearance beneath the glow of pink candles. Beautiful prizes were awarded the winners. The guests were Meses S. Meyer, M. Lowenthal and P. Ackerman, the Misses Rose Newmark, Lucie Cahn, Camilla Hellman, Hortense Hellman, Hilda Steinhardt, Hortense Levy, Theres Levy, Leah Hellman, Sara Innes, Emma Newmark, Belle Armer, Maude Hirsch, Rose Meyer, Ray Cohn, Frida Hellman, Messrs. Clegg, Barry, Roth, Fleishman, Nordlinger, Fred Kahn, Max Goldschmidt, Newbauer, Ducommun, S. Newmark, Henry Newmark, Gabriel Meyer, P. Ackerman, Barney Benjamin, Dr. Dearth.

Mr. and Mrs. Reinard J. Busch, whose wedding took place last Monday, at the home of Mrs. E. Busch of Orange street, were the guests of honor at a reception given by Miss Elizabeth O. Busch, sister of the groom, Saturday evening. The rooms were handsomely decorated with flowers and ribbons, and the evening was devoted to music and games. Those who were there were: Mrs. E. Busch, George H. Busch and the Misses Gertrude Pulliam, Florence Michaels, Elizabeth I. Cummings, Emily M. Fritz, Susie Campbell, Carolyn Folger, Lucy M. Pulliam, Georgia Baserman, Annette Fritz, Mina Kempin, Ella Casler, Katherine Baserman, Edith Fairchild, Elizabeth Busch.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Harry Williams entertained last Thursday evening at their home on South Hill street, in honor of the latter's sister and her daughters, Mrs. S. B. Newman and the Misses Daisy and Mabel Newman of Salt Lake City. The rooms were elaborately decorated in yellow marguerites, potted palms and ferns. Miss Allene Meyer presided at the punch-bowl. During the evening a number of instrumental and vocal selections were rendered.

### THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The Report of Work Done Since its Organization Just Published.

The report of the Associated Charities for the years of its existence, from 1893 to 1897, has just been published and contains much valuable information for those interested in the work that is being continually carried on. The address of A. W. Francisco, president last year, contains some valuable hints for the proper conduct of charity work, while Secretary T. J. Stuart in his report gives an insight into the practical work being done. During 1897 there were 647 new cases dealt with, making a total of 3222 for the four years ending October 31. While many obstacles have been encountered in carrying on the work of the Associated Charities, the greatest has been, and still continues to be, the lack of funds. A special feature of the work, which is of interest to the public, is the affiliation between local organizations and similar central organizations in other cities. These have become to be recognized as essential in all cities of importance, and cooperation between these societies for the investigation and proper disposal of cases is not the least of the advantages realized.

There are only about two hundred members on the list of the Associated Charities, and this is not in proper proportion to the population. While many charitable organizations are doing good work, and are receiving support from benevolently inclined citizens, it is the central society that must carry the burden year in and year out, and if allowed to lapse would tend to demoralize the entire charity work of the city.

**Dr. Beebe's Testimony.**  
A typographical error in the report of the Crandall trial in yesterday's Times reversed the expert opinion given by Dr. Beebe as to the course of the bullet that killed Bowman. Dr. Beebe testified that the shot "was not fired from the rear," but the little word "not" was dropped accidentally, and Dr. Beebe was thereby made to say exactly the reverse of what he did say.

### Protect the Flag.

[New York Herald.] A law to prevent the use of the American flag for advertising purposes ought not to be necessary, but can the flag be protected without such a law? Notoriously, the Stars and Stripes are employed as a means of attracting attention to private enterprises. We have all seen beer and soap and chewing gum and patent nostrums, called medicines, advertised in this way, and many other things.

Patriotism ought to be strong enough to prevent this, but if patriotism is in one scale and business interests are in the other, which prevails? The flag is the national emblem. It is a sacred thing. It is what we have fought for—that is, we have not fought for the thing symbolized by the flag, for country, for union, for national honor, for you degrades the symbol, you degrade also the thing symbolized. Public opinion ought not to tolerate it, but public opinion on most matters now is weak and is supine. We allow selfish men to do base things and do not protest. It is nobody's business.

But Congress will pass a law to save the flag from desecration, the law will be obeyed, because it will be enforced.

### DOG-ON-A WIND!

Dog-on a wind! I'd rather be out in a rain stormy any day.

Then here a nother blow at me and fill my eyes with powdered clay;

Out in the desert now, I've seen it blow the public's nose up to the sky.

She'd out a post off slick an' clean, an' scrape your hide until you'd bleed.

Dog-on a wind! Just watch the trees an' see 'em fling their arms in fear;

An' birds, an' ants, an' honey bees, all hunt a hole wen winds appear;

Each little flower bows its head an' seems a keeper still in death.

Just like et thought 'at joy ez dead, an' hell ez drawn en ets breath.

Dog-on a wind! I like to fight 'th sumthin I kin fight agin;

But wind ez sumthin out o' sight, an' gives no chance fer wastelin'.

Et smites a feller hip an' thigh 'th ghostly hands ez hard ez steel.

Thet come a swingin from the sky rejoicin on the blows they deal.

Dog-on the wind! Wen I shall pass away from life out into space.

Wen Time shall turn my hour-glass an' earth shall cover up my face,

I only hope hereafter, w'ere I shall wander to an' fro.

No waves shall beat upon the shore, no stormy winds shall ever blow.

ALFRED I. TOWNSEND.

## To See Is to Believe.

Why our Shirts are superior, grade for grade, and price for price, will be fully demonstrated at the counter. The proof of the shirt is in the inching and the stitching. We give fuller inch measure, we give rows of stitching, which all means value; we give any length sleeve required; we give special conveniences in cutting for men of heavy weight or long reach. In fact, our shirts are equal to custom-made goods, with two exceptions, the price and the fact that we give you your money back if they don't fit.

## Silverwood

124 South Spring Street.

**NEW BOOKS—JUST RECEIVED.**  
WHO'S WHO (1898). Edited by Douglas Sladen. Price, \$1.75.  
THE VITALITY OF CHRISTIAN DOGMAS. By A. Sabatier. Price, .80.  
THROUGH FINLAND IN CARTS. By Mrs. Alec Tweedie. Price, 3.00.  
STORIES FROM THE CLASSIC LITERATURE OF MANY NATIONS. Edited by Bertha Palmer. Price, 1.25.  
For Sale at **Parker's Broadway.** (Near Public Library).  
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of Books west of Chicago.



## Looking for the Best Optician?

Don't fail to see us. The fitting and making of glasses is our EXCLUSIVE business—we do nothing else. We understand the science of fitting glasses—and also of making the frames and all-to correspond to the results of your test.

Our work, our goods and our fit of glasses are strictly reliable and guaranteed. Eyes examined free.

**J. G. Thassup's OPTICIAN** 245 S. Spring Street, Los Angeles.



## Any Good PIANO

Is an ornament to a house. A poor piano is a detriment. We carry the largest and finest lines of pianos in Southern California. They are all good. We cannot afford to sell a poor piano at any price.

**Southern California Music Co.** 212 W. 3d Broadway Bk.

## The First and Best Shoe Store.

This store is the birthplace of new styles of footwear. Scarcely a day passes that we do not have some new novelty to show in Men's and Women's Shoes. The same progressive spirit that made this the first shoe store on Broadway makes it the Best Shoe Store.

**EVERY-STAUH SHOE CO.** Byrnie Building, Broadway near Third.

"Always Satisfactory to the Wearer."

208-210 South Spring Street. Wilcox Building.

**Sperry's Flour** ALWAYS UNIFORM AND RELIABLE.

**Cad's Smum Store** 314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. REFRIGERATORS.

**98 WAVERLEY BICYCLES \$50.00.** Agency, No. 639 S. Broadway.

ESTABLISHED 1878—INCORPORATED 1892.

# Coulter Dry Goods Co.

## Announcement of Removal and Preliminary Sale.

The Coulter Dry Goods Co. announce that they have leased the entire ground floor of the new Laughlin building on the west side of Broadway between Third and Fourth Streets.

Prior to removal our entire stock of merchandise will be placed on sale at greatly reduced prices commencing this (Monday) morning. Every article in the house, except agency goods, where prices are controlled by the manufacturer, will share in the reductions.

All the spring merchandise of every sort is included in the sale. Many lines of goods are offered at less price than they now can be duplicated for in Eastern markets, but everything must give way to the main idea of starting the new store with an entire new stock.

In our first large announcement for some years, it may not be out of place to mention the fact that in a mercantile experience running back nearly twenty years, this is the first time we have ever attempted anything like a Removal or other Special Sale.

The movement which we start this morning involves no sensation of any sort. We are steady-going merchants and a business like ours does not thrive by undue excitement. It is our policy to appeal to the judgment alone.

We are sure our friends will not in any way confound this movement with the ordinary Special Sale. We use the word "Sale" because it is the only word that quite expresses the idea. We hope to have an ample sales-force that you may be served promptly and well.

Further announcement concerning the sale will be printed in the papers of Wednesday.

**COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,**  
Corner Spring and Second Sts.

# H. JEVNE

## SMOKE ONE!

The best bread comes from the best flour—both at Jevne's.  
A good cigar means good tobacco—

### El Principe de Gales

at Jevne's.  
208-210 South Spring Street. Wilcox Building.

# Sperry's Flour

ALWAYS UNIFORM AND RELIABLE.

## Cad's Smum Store

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST.  
REFRIGERATORS.

# Carpet Sweeping

Made easy by using Bissell's Carpet Sweeper. What's the use of wearing one's self out with a broom when for a small outlay of money the work can be made so easy. The Big New Store's Carpet Department is growing in popularity. Why! Always keep the latest patterns in Wiltons, Axminsters, Velvets, Moquettes, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, All-wool Ingrains, Linoleums and Mattings. In this department as in all others Pease's Prices Please. Call today.

## Niles Pease Furniture Co.,

439-441-443 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

# J. C. Carr & Co.

...MONDAY...

2-pound roll Downey Creamery Butter.....45c	2 pkgs Shredded Wheat Biscuits.....25c	2 pkgs Caramel Cereal.....25c
4 cans Tomatoes.....25c	4 cans Salmon.....25c	4 cans Salmon.....25c
1 lb Dr. Price's Baking Powder.....35c	1 lb Cleveland's B. Powder.....35c	1 lb Cleveland's B. Powder.....35c
5 gal Pratt or Pearl Oil.....75c	5 gal Red Crown Gas.....75c	5 gal Red Crown Gas.....75c

PHONE 801 BLACK. 623 SOUTH BROADWAY.











## Chicago.

followed by the Chicago Guarantee, and

[PUBLISHED IN THE TIMES BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.]

But away with all that—now for the enjoyment of life, a life in the pleasant countries, which, up to now, had been but paragraphs in the daily papers.

He opened the last box of hisvaluable collection, and found that these were old letters, scarcely likely to be of use against him. Yet what should he do with them? In they went, the first clicking them up.

Paris? Monte Carlo. Scarcely. These were pleasant, quiet places—places where the world had been at their disposal, and where a man of his cultivated tastes might be happy. No more work, no more worryment over the possibility of losing his position, such as he had had for three months.

In the statement made by the asso-

A razor, a wig, a few simple accessories, and Arthur Ashford should cease to exist, and in his place there would be a quiet gentleman traveller for his health.

There! That was the last bit of paper. It was all done. He rose to his feet, and he had the quiet walk in his native city—a casual walk which should end this evening in an obscure village and an obscure train, and tomorrow the wide sea. He had no more to do, all, and the day was a legal holiday had come in best of all. He took a last look at the room which had known him for years. He looked at the clock, the stove, the waste and his hat, and then he went to the door.

But he must not forget Nelly's glove. He put it up and smoothed it out, soft and gray; and then he remembered it now; she had given it to him.

those at or over sixty, they will simply not be in it at all.

Will be Used by the Los Angeles  
Electric Company.

**NEARLY HALF RATES EAST.**  
We ship household goods in mixed car

We ship household goods in mixed car lots. The Van and Storage Co., 436 S. Spring.

What a bright, glad day it was—an omen of his future. He went slowly through the streets he had known so long, bidding them farewell. Farther

"Arthur!" Did some one call. There stood Nelly. She wore the very frock she had on the day he told her what she had become to him, the day she gave him this glove. More than that, she had on her left hand the fellow of the glove.

"You are glad to see me," she said.

"Glad! And he had not seen her for so long."

She held out her little right hand. He knew that she asked for her glove. He held it up to her, retaining it. She kept her hand extended.

"I never gave it to you," she said.

### Victim of the Syndicate Finds the Mystery Investment Agent in

A twenty-eight-page circular was issued, entitled, "How to Make 5 per cent. a Week. By a Specialist." It demonstrated conclusively that W. E.

received a contract signed in the usual manner by Kerr.

One week later he received a circular letter from Forest to the "members of the syndicate," stating that the capital of the concern had reached \$39,896, the week's profits having been \$992. Forest's commission amounted to \$195, leaving a 2 per cent. profit for the investors of \$2. on the \$150. Given On

"And mine has ever done that," he cried.

"The way and the means!" she said.  
 "And after all these years."  
 He frowned.  
 "It's a substitute," he said. "What have I in its place?"  
 She wreathed her arms about him; she pillowed her head on his breast.  
 "Me, or the substitute," she said. She pressed her lips to his. "Me or the substitute?"  
 She seemed to raise him bodily to his full height.  
 "I know which it will be," she said.  
 "No," he cried; "no, no."  
 He tottered and she steadied him.

The good of the majority compels me to stop for the present until an agreement can be arrived at. Whenever all agree either to assign any claims they can

the accumulated profits had gone glimmering. He tried in vain to discover the whereabouts of Forest, or of the attorneys to whom he had so magnanimously turned over his property for the benefit of creditors. Letters were addressed to Forest, to Kerr and to the New York brokers, but all were returned to the writer. Ten months had passed, and the "public" taxpayer had

But she took him on to his old place of employment.

stand?" At that time out in the green pleasure where Ashford had been, a party of young people stood round the wild tree stump.

"This is the place," said a girlish voice. "He seemed to be in great pain of mind and held a woman's glove all the time. How faithful he must be. For, see, it was over thirty years ago. The stone says: 'Nelly, wife of Arthur Ashford, aged 25.'"

ROBERT C. V. MEYERS.  
[The end.]  
[Copyright, 1898, by C. V. Meyers.]

The reply to this letter was addressed to Rev. Dr. Easter of Redlands, at this city, and, owing to this mistake, was only recently received. It was as follows:

rent expenses. All those who are interested in the work being carried on at the home, at Griffith avenue and Twenty-fifth street, are invited to call and inspect it, and the coöperation of British-born citizens is particularly requested.

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**PERFECTLY RELIABLE**

**GEORGIA**

**Celery Compound** People Well.

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This space is reserved for

**So. California Furniture Co.**

DR. PILKINGTON,  
130 SOUTH HILL STREET.

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